

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE HEALTH-DESTROYING SYSTEM OF TEACHING IN OUR SCHOOLS.

Boarding Houses for Working Women Novel Employment-Wakeful Bables. Old and Young-German Girls-Amuse-

An anxious mother writes to know what course she shall pursue with her 9-year-old daughter who will do nothing but read and daughter who will do nothing but read and study, and whose health is suffering in consequence. The best thing is to send her off into the country, where she can get very little to read. If she studies too much, keep her out of school for a year or two. The whole system of teaching in our public schools is health-destroying. Mind and body both suffer. No girl should be graduated before she is 29 at least, and during that time she should not be allowed to enter society. As a rule girls begin to go into society at 15 and 16, and if not married at 29 or 22 are looked upon the world.—New Orleans States.

with everything. Girls should be kept in school much longer than they usually are. Teachers, from well-meant, perhaps, but none the less unwise motives, endeavor to arouse ambition by holding constantly before scholars the disgrace of falling behind in their studies. Bet-ter do that, and it is by no means disgrace-ful, than to sacrifice health. People urge in favor of the public schools, that they send out boys and girls better prepared for col-leges than any other schools. It may be true, but those who wish to study will do so with a little encouragement, anywhere. In many ways the public school system is ad-mirable, but in the matter of health it is

A well-known Cleveland physician said, not long since, that public school education had done more to cause disease of the brain, spine and eyerthan any other one thing, and his opinion is but the opinion of many emi-nent physicians and surgeons. We could not do without our schools, but we could do with less slaboration in the courses, and we should insist on fewer studies and slower and more thorough work. From what "Anxious says, her daughter, loving books naturally, has been made more ambitious by the thoughtless words and taunts of her teachers, than the young brain and delicate body will stand, and the only remedy is complete rest, which can be had by taking the child from school for several years, and by change of scenery or by plentiful light and pleasant entertainment, thereby causing healthful reaction.—Cleveland Lender.

Boarding Houses for Working Women. The increasing number of women who live by the higher employments in this city has led to the establishment of several large boarding houses on somewhat the same plan, though a more modest scale, than the luckless concern of A. T. Stewart, which is now the Park Avenue hotel. At these places you will find teachers, telegraphic operators and type-writers, artists with the brush and the needle, literary women and others who de-pend rather on their talents and accomplishments than on mere manual labor for support, congregated in curious little communities, presided over by a boarding mistress who has the air of a matron in a public institution rather than a private person. The houses are governed by certain fixed rules, none of which seem to be at all oppressive, and have a very homelike and pleasant air. The rates of board are moderate, and the character of the inmates lends their home an nir of great refinement and pleasant domes-

It was intended as a hotel for working girls, but the rules were so exacting and their administration so rigid that even its economy and comfort failed to render it popular, and condition of unskilled workers I do not be-lieve my provision existed until the present close attention to business details shown by special bearding house system came being. They were commonly herded to-gether in gangs in the cheaper boarding forred to be thus occupied, partly in order to houses, where they packed the rooms that better-to-do boarders scorned, or forced to the master and mistress in most shops were live in ledgings and feed at restaurants, always at a greater cost than should have been necessary. A decent woman without money to waste used to have a hard time of Review. it looking for quarters in New York, and with all the provisions, intelligent private en-terprise and larger public philanthropy have made for her she is still far worse off than any man. One of the good works of the Young Women's Christian association has been to encourage the creation of boarding houses for single women, a register of while is kept by the association for the direction applicants.-Alfred Trumble in New York

Novel Employment For Women.

Some Philadelphia women have hit upon something novel in the way of occupation, surely. They call themselves, or are called, "lampers." The care of a lamp is a good deal like that of a steam engine or a baby—it is not everybody that can attend to it properly and with judgment. - A new occupation is open to women now that drawing reems dis-play as many as half a dozen lighted lamps by night, with corresponding care of wicks, chimneys, shades, filling, etc., by day, and when a smoky lamp is not only a nuisance but an inelegance. The "lamper" takes this care off of the mistress of the house. She comes each morning, empties out the oil when it is getting thick, refills, trims the wick mathematically, without even touching steel to it, rubs the metal, polishes the shade and leaves chimneys and all immaculate. She goes from house to house in a neighborhood, and is fully worthy her weekly pay. In unskillful hands the new popular oil lamps are a great trouble; sometimes filling them is put off until after dark, when there is danger in bringing the oil can anywhere near the gas-lights. When neither mistress of the house nor her servants are good at lamp care the skill of the professional can now be had for a very small sum for each visit.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Old and the Young.

A man or woman of 50 who cannot make himself or herself agreeable to a girl of 18 is ing in good breeding; on the other hand squally lacking is a boy of 20 who cannot give pleasure to a man or woman of 60. But this good breeding can only be acquired by practice. Once acquired it communicates a peculiarly social exhilarating social enjoy-ment, as all will testify who have had the good fortune to be flattered in their youth by the kindness of older people and in later years by the good will of younger people. And few conversations are more charming for the interlocutors themselves or for by-standers than those in which the young girl or young man just entering into life is led to awaken, by the gay audacities of his ignorance, the deeper thoughts of the man or woman just passing out of active life. The flame-like fancies of youth kindles the glowing imagination of experience, and in the in-terchange of ideas each for the moment seems

to gain all the advantages of the other. Such conversations cannot be held at germans nor at dinners, where most of the gentle-men have been busied with the stock market men have been busied with the stock market all day, nor at receptions, formal or in-formal, from which the young lady of the house is encouraged to exclude her father and mother, and the fathers and mothers of her friends. They only still linger around the firesides of pleasant homes, where the habitues of the house, old and young alike, are coually the friends of parents and chil-

Why Men Don't Marry.

I sny it boldly and without fear of contradiction, there is not a man living who is at all times proof against feminine fascinations, who has not, at some period in his life's history, indulged in the hope of realizing his dreams of domestic happiness, in which the face of some real or ideal woman shone forth as the guiding star to brighten his life. No man ever indulges in dreams of domestic happiness outside of his ideal home. The world is his at all times, in which to ream at his is his at all times, in which to roam at his own sweet will. His experience teaches him that in all the world can offer there is nothing so sweet as the love which lives in the me, gives rest to the soul and that peace of mind which the world cannot give; his innermost soul craves for it, so satisfying is it in its tenderness. True love is the very mainstay of happiness, and no outward ruin "can wreck the citadel where the immortal lives." Is it the fear of the failure to realize

Babies Who Are Wakeful.

A philanthropic physician has published a little pamphlet with timely suggestions concerning babies. Among other things he writes: "Askeep baby becomes tired of lying in one position and wants to be turned upon his side or stomach, or wants the warm pillow turned, or the creases taken out of his blanket or concer his careatte lecond. blanket, or one of his garments loosened, or his eyes turned from the light, or a noisy fly disposed of, or a mother's lullaby sung again, or to be left alone; but no! he has made him-self heard and something must be done. Up he comes, to nurse most likely; or, with too much covering over him before, all is taken off but his garments, and he is rushed about the room, bounced up and down before an open window, or half uncovered for three to five minutes to be changed. How can the little one do else than take cold?" This pic-ture is not overdrawn. Do we not all know babies who are wakeful at night, and be cause they cry are nursed or fed with cataip tea or sugar and water until their poor little stomachs ache from the distension by unnecessary liquids? These same babies only need a change of position, and when this is given them they drop asleep peacefully,— New York Commercial Advertiser,

Amnaements for the Young. There is not a country village in the land where the young people cannot have rational amusements if they will. A dramatic club will furnish infinite amusement for a whole winter; a singing school is still possible in country places, though a conservatory of music may be unattainable; a whist club will flourish anywhere, and there are few places where dancing may not be had at slight expense. Reading circles cost nothing, and may be started by any half dozen young people anywhere, and be profitable as well as pleas-ant. Schoolboys should have a debating society, no matter on how small a scale, and old-fashioned spelling schools are by no means to be despised in many places where there is a dearth of amusements for the young. Some excuse for congregating together is the main thing; the young people can be trusted to enjoy themselves if only this opportunity is offered. Simple and costless pleasures, these are the desirable thing, and they can be compassed by all if there is the results of the compassed by all if the results of the compassed by all if the results of the results of the compassed by all if the results of t passed by all if there is the right disposition in regard to the matter.—Hattie Tyng Gris-

German Girls as Wives. There is less difficulty in German girls of the middle class finding suitable partners for life than is the case in the same class in England. German girls, as a unatter of course The first of these places that I remember in New York was in Mulberry or Mott street, and is, I think, now known as the Big Flats. does prevent a great deal of restlessness and vague discontent. A young man who mar-ries in that class knows that he may reason-ably expect his bride to be a good housewife, it was abandoned and the house handed over for tenement uses. For women above the a shopkeeper, his wife often keeps the newomen who might have expected to be spared on friendly terms with their assistants, who were permitted to rest at intervals during the day in a room behind the shop.-National

Beautiful Souls.

Beauty attracts the eye at first; but after you come to know people very intimately you do not know whether they are pretty or not. Their ways make an impression on you, but not their noses and ears, their eyes and mouths. In time the soul expresses itself to you, and it is that which you see. A hardly knows what his wife looks life may think he does, and tell you she is a bewitching little brunette long after she has reached middle life, because the image of his early love is in his heart, and he doesn't see her as she is to-day. Or, being an indifferent husband, he may not know she is the fine woman that other people think her. You have known men who have married the plainest women, and think them beauties; and you know beauties who are quite thrown away on men who value a wife for her suc cess as a cook.-Philadelphia Call.

Mrs. Kate Chase's Children "Do you intend to reside permanently in France?" Mrs. Kate Chase was asked by a correspondent. "Oh, dear, no," she replied "I love my country, its people and institu-tions. I do not live in Paris. I wish to be retired and secluded. In that world of Paris ian life I take no interest. Gayety in fashionable life I do not enjoy. I have my children to care for and enjoy. My wish is to bring them up to be accomplished, educated, and good women, an honor to themselves and to American womanhood. That is a woman's sphere in life. I have much happiness there with my children, but I shall return to my native land before very long. I feel an exile in France."—Philadelphia Times.

Twining Her Tresses. Never before since nature went unadorned

has it been possible for a woman to so completely suit her own tastes in the shape of her bend and the style of her face. Every possible way that soft and pretty hair can be twisted it is twisted. And some of the ways are pretty as need to be.

Ourse in a while them is a girl who are

A New Vegetable is Introduced. An entirely new vegetable is being intro-duced by a great French firm which is excit-ing some interest. It is called choro-gi and is a native of northern Africa. It belongs to

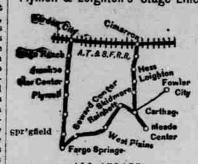
fritters, and are said also to make an excel vegetable and a desirable regular market crop in this country can only be determined by trial.-Boston Budget. Prussia's Gain and Loss.

During the last year 4,000 foreigners have been naturalized in Prussia. Thirty-eight thousand seven hundred and tighty-eight Prussians emigrated during the same period, however.—New York Tribune.

An Actor's Idea.

The ideal genius is he whose imagination has full play, but whose mind sits in judgment on it and tempers or restrains. If imagination escapes from self-judgment a man becomes a crank.—Joe Jefferson.

Plymell & Leighton's Stage Line.



ALL ABOARD

LEIGHTON & PLYMELL'S LINE

Headquarter at Cimarron and Garden City. Both day and night trains now stop at each of these points EYE, EAR SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

Eyes, Nose, Throat, Catarrh, Bars, Surgery and Deformities.

E. Y. MUNSELL, M. D., Proprietor and Surgeon in Charge, North Main Street

WEST WICHITA.

For Bargains in

Real Estate

Call on

E. H. DEVORE & CO.

H. McKIM DU BOIS

have an accurate set of books and am prepared to Complete Abstracts of Title

STEDMAN & CRANE

FIRE, TORNADO, LIFE AND ACCIDENT.

OFFICE 100 DOUGLAS AVENUE.

Largest Agency in the Valley.

ISRAEL BROS., Druggist and Grocers C. R. MILLESR,

The Eye, Ear and Throat.



JOHN DAVIDSON,

Pioneer -:- Lumber -:- Man

THE-

OF SEDGWICK COUNTY.

Established in 1870.

A Complete Stock of Pine Lumbe,r Shingles, Lath, Doors, Sash, etc.,

always on hand.

Roofing Paint.

Once in a while there is a girl who can Walks, Drives, Cellars and Cis terns,

-ALSO AS AN-

RIZER & HUMPHREY, OFFICE -Corner Market and William Street Or address Lock Box Stl. Wichita, Kansas.

WICHITA

Director: CATHERINE RUSSELL

BANK OF WICHITA.

Authorized Capital. \$200,00o Paid-Up Capital,

-Stockholders:-NES, R. H. ROYS, FINLAY ROSS, A. L. HOUCK, W. P. ROBINSON OLIVER DUCK, JAMES G. FISH, F. W. WILSON, W. L. DUCK, J. H. SLATER, H. M. DUCK, -Correspondents:-

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, New York.

BANK OF KANSAS CITY, KANSAS CITY, Ro. General Banking Business. Respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

Kansas National

No. 134 MAIN Street.

CAPITAL, PAID UP, \$100,000. SURPLUS.

Loans Money at Lowest Rates. loney at Lowest Mates.

Issues Sight Drafts on all Parts of Europe.

Buys and Sells Government and Municipal Bonds.

Pays Interest on Time Deposit.

H. W. LEWIS. President. C. E. FRANK, Assistant Cashler

----DIRECTORS:----

WICHITA NATIONAL BANK,

(Successors to Wichita Bank, Organized 1872.) Paid-up Capital, \$125,000

ABSTRACTS Surplus. \$25,000. -DIRECTORS:-

> J. C. RUTAN. DO A GENERAL BANKING, COLLECTING AND BROKERAGE BUSINESS.

M. W. LEVY, S. T. TUTTLE,

Eastern and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. U.S. Bonds of all de nominations bought and sold. County, Township and Municipal Bonds bought.

A. W. OLIVER,

N. P. NIEDZBLANDS

CITIZENS BANK Paid-up Capital, \$200,000

Stockholders Liability, \$400,000

Largest Paid-Up Capital of any Bank in the State of Kansas. ----DIRECTORS:----3. IL DAVIDSON, A. R. BITTING.

J. O. DAVIDSON, DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

United States, County, Township and Municipal Bonds Bought and Sold.

R. LOMRARD, JR., President J. P. ALLEN, Vice-President

W. E. STANLEY.

I. D. SKINNER Cashler, W. H. LIVINGSTON, Assets

JOHN T. GARPENTER.

STATE NATIONAL BANK.

\$100,000 Paid-up Capital, \$5,000 Surplus,

-DIRECTORS:-LEN, JOHN R. CAREY, KOP PETER GETTO, W. F. GREEN, GEORGE E. SPALTON. B. LOMBARD, Jr., J. P. L. D. SKINNER, J. P. ALLEN, KOS. MARRIS, -COPRESPONDENTS: NATIONAL BANK OF AMERICA, Choose BLACKSTONE NATIONAL BANK, Boston

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York, FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Kansas City,

IN KANSAS STATE BANK BUILDING.

Office and yards on Market street between Douglas wenue and Piret street

Money on hand. No delay when security and and title are good. Rates as low as the lowest.

CALL AND SEE US GEO. E. SPALTON, Secretary.

J. A. TALMADGE & CO. Wholesale AND Retail Dealers 230 North Main Street.

We are Now Open With the Largest Stock of

Application to Iron, Wood and Stone Crockery, China Glassware, Lamp Goods and Rich Fancy Goods. To be Found West of the Missouri River.

We respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock and guarantee as low prices as can be found in the state for the same class of goods.

COZINE & RIDDELL REAL ESTATE AGENTS. F. G. SMYTH & SONS, Wichita. City Proyerty and Farms for Sale--Rents Collected and Taxes Paid.

Correspondence Solicited.

Business Promptly Attendeds Business Promptly Attendedto. ANGLO-AMERICAN Loan Office. WICHITA, KANSAS. 156 N. MAIN ST.

"EAGLE"

## Town-Site Company,

AT

WICHITA, KAN.,

Have for sale, on line of WIOHITA & COLORADO RAILROAD \$10 000. north-west of Wichita, town lots at new towns of

T. W. JOHNSTON, Cashier. MAIZE, 9 Miles from WICHITA.

COLWICH. 14 " WICHITA.

ANDALE. WICHITA.

MT HOPE,

HAVEN, 332

ELMER, 421

Trains are now running regularly on Railroad from Wichita to

These towns are in the best portion of Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps of Towns and Prices can be had as hereinafter set forth:

At Wichita, call on N. F. Niederlander or Kos Harris; At Maize, call on H. Londenslager;

At Colwich, call on Geo. W. Steenrod;

At Andale, Call on Bank of Andals.

T. H. Randall and W. S. Mackie, for Mt. Hope lots.

At Haven, Call on Ash & Caaries.

At Eimer, call on J. A. Meyer.

THE "RAGLE CO." HAVE ALSO FOR SALE LOTS IN

"Junction Town Company" Addition to Wichtia.

This Addition is at junction of Ft. Scott and W. & C. Railroads one-half mile west of Bridge on Big Arkansas river, and are very desirable lots. Street cars are now in operation, connecting this Addition with the east side of the river.

Price List of this Addition can be reen by calling on:

N. F. NIEDERLANDER, "

KOS HARRIS, Wichita, P. V. HEALY. O. MARTINBON. Resident on said Addition